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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/565,284	01/20/2006	Masaru Nakakita	28951.5462	7118
53067 STEPTOE & JO	7590 09/26/200 DHNSON LLP		EXAMINER	
1330 CONNEC	CTICUT AVE., NW		GARCIA, CARLOS E	
WASHINGTON, DC 20036			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2627	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/26/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary		Application No.	Applicant(s)	Applicant(s)			
		10/565,284	NAKAKITA ET A	NAKAKITA ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		CARLOS E. GARO	CIA 2627				
Period	The MAILING DATE of this communication for Reply	n appears on the cover s	sheet with the correspondence a	ddress			
WH - Ex aft - If I - Fa Ar	HORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILIN tensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C er SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. We period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory pillure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by the properties of the provision of the	IG DATE OF THIS CON FR 1.136(a). In no event, howev on. period will apply and will expire SI statute, cause the application to t	MMUNICATION. er, may a reply be timely filed X (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)[>	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	6/25/2008					
		This action is non-final					
3)	- -			ne merits is			
- /	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispos	ition of Claims						
4)⊳	Claim(s) <u>1-39</u> is/are pending in the application	ation.					
/	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)[5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-39</u> is/are rejected.						
7) <u></u>	_						
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	and/or election requirem	ent.				
	ation Papers						
	_	minor					
	9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
·	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
_	_	rojan priority under 35 l	1 S C & 110(a) (d) or (f)				
•	12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
•	·—						
	 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 						
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachm	ent(s)						
_	tice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🗍 Ir	nterview Summary (PTO-413)				
2) 🔲 No	tice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94	8) P	aper No(s)/Mail Date				
	ormation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) per No(s)/Mail Date		otice of Informal Patent Application ther:				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless – (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

- 2. Claims 1-4, 7-8, 11, 14-17, 20-21, 24, 27-30, 33-34 and 37 are rejected under 35
- U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kang (US 2004/0156143).

Re claims 1, 14 and 27: Kang discloses a negative pressure utilization type of slider (as shown in Fig.6A-8B) comprising: a head 62 for recording onto a disk or reproducing from a disk; and an air bearing surface (the air bearing surface is composed of all surfaces facing the disk medium) for facing a disk, the air bearing surface comprising a plurality of flat surfaces, the substantially flat surfaces differing in height from each other, for generating an air flow when such disk rotates, thereby causing the slider to float over such disk, the air bearing surface having an air inflow surface (surfaces 121 & 122), a positive pressure generating surface 150 and a negative pressure generating surface 140, respectively, in order from an air flow incoming end to an air flow outgoing end of the slider (represented by arrow of air in Fig.6A for example) wherein the air inflow surface has a groove 124 extending between, and including, a disk inner peripheral end and a disk outer peripheral end of the air inflow surface (Fig.6A), a bottom surface of the groove being lower in height than the air inflow surface relative to a surface opposite the disk-facing surface (Fig.6B), the groove being set back from the air flow incoming end. such that it does not contact an edge of the air flow incoming end (see para.0047-0054).

Re claims 2, 15 and 28: Kang further discloses wherein the air bearing surface has surfaces of three stages differing in height, the surfaces of the three stages comprising an upper stage surface highest in height, a lower stage surface lowest in height and a middle surface lower than the upper stage surface and higher than the lower stage surface, the positive pressure generating surface, the air inflow surface and the negative pressure generating surface being formed on the upper stage surface, the middle surface and the lower stage surface, respectively (Fig.6B).

Re claims 3, 16 and 29: Kang further discloses wherein the bottom surface of the groove is flush with, and the same height as, the negative pressure generating surface (Fig.6B).

Re claims 4, 17 and 30: Kang further discloses wherein the air inflow surface extends to the air flow incoming end (Fig.6A-6B).

Re claims 7, 20 and 33: Kang further discloses wherein the head is a magnetic head 170 (para.0051).

Re claims 8, 21 and 34: Kang further discloses wherein the head comprises a magnetoresistive element (para.0051).

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Re claims 11, 24 and 37: Kang further discloses a disk device including the slider according as discussed above (abs).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 5, 9-10, 18, 22-23, 31 and 35-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kang in view of Applicants Admitted Prior Art (AAPA). The teachings of Kang have been discussed previously.

Re claims 5, 18 and 31: Kang discloses the claimed invention except for the groove is located at least 20 µm from the air flow incoming end.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the distance between the groove and the air flow incoming edge of Kang to a small value for the purpose of minimizing the overall size of the slider, since it has been held that discovering an optimum value of a result effective variable involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Boesch*, 617 F.2d 272, 205 USPQ 215 (CCPA 1980).

Re claims 9-10, 22-23 and 35-36: Kang discloses the claimed invention except for the air bearing surface having an area of not more than 1 mm² or 0.5 mm².

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It would have been an obvious matter of design choice to use a standard femto-slider with dimensions of 0.7×0.87 mm which would have an air bearing surface area of around 0.609 mm^2 , since such a modification would have involved a mere change in the size of a component for the purpose of evaluating the relationship between the air bearing surface and the atmospheric pressure variation using the next generation slider, such as the femto-slider. Furthermore, absent a statement of criticality, a change in size is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art. *In re Rose*, 105 USPQ 237 (CCPA 1955).

5. Claims 6, 12-13, 19, 25-26, 32 and 38-39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kang in view of Applicants Admitted Prior Art (AAPA). The teachings of Kang have been discussed previously.

Re claims 6, 19 and 32: Kang discloses the claimed invention except for wherein the groove has a width of at least 30 μ m.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the groove as shown by Kang to be at least 30 μ m in width since in the AAPA (Spec. page 21, lines 1-3) the standard femto-slider dimensions are 0.7 x 0.87 mm, the groove which extends from one inner peripheral end to an outer peripheral end of the slider must be at least 30 μ m in order to obtain a slider with a groove which extends from one end for a standard femto-slider.

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Re claims 12-13, 25-26 and 38-39: Kang further discloses means for recording or reproducing or both recording and reproducing in a disk region (as discussed above, the means for recording/reproducing is performed by a read/write head 170).

Kang discloses the claimed invention except for a relative speed between the slider and the disk is not higher than 10 m/s or 7 m/s.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to test the slider with the groove configuration surface in both low and high speed regions of a disk region which is used for recording/reproducing, as disclosed in AAPA (see Spec. page19, lines 10-32) in order to determine the effects the groove configuration surface has on the floating height of a standard slider.

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-39 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

- 7. The prior art made of record in PTO-892 Form and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
- 8. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Carlos E. Garcia whose telephone number is 571-270-1354. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 am to 5:00 pm, Monday thru Thursday and 8:30 to 4:00 pm, Fridays. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Andrea Wellington can be reached on 571-272-4483. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

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system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Carlos E Garcia/ Examiner, Art Unit 2627

9/25/2008

/Andrea L Wellington/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2627